

# JFET Homework

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These homework problems provide practice with analysis and design involving the most common type of JFET circuits. There is one problem for each type of circuit. Answers are provided on the last page so the student can verify understanding. Note that some thought in addition to equations is required to solve some problems. All problems are based on a 2N3819 n-channel JFET. This is a very similar part (except for different pin outs you probably could not tell them apart) to the MPF102 used in lab. Summary specifications are below. One way to know for sure that what you are doing with these problems is right is to build some sample circuits in lab. Nothing beats hands-on experience.

## Summary 2N3819 Specifications

	<u>Min</u>	<u>Typ.</u>	<u>Max</u>	<u>Unit</u>
$I_{DSS}$	2	10	20	mA
$V_P$	-0.9	-3	-8	Volts

Notes:

$A_v$  = unloaded voltage gain.

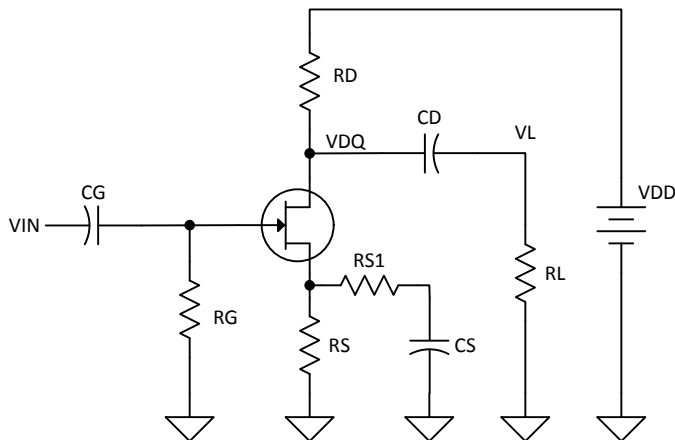
$A_{v_l}$  = loaded voltage gain.

Assume voltage divider for  $V_{GG}$  has negligibly small resistance compared to  $R_G$ .

Use standard resistor values.

## Analysis problems

1. Analyze the following circuit for operation at the low, typical, and high values of the JFET specifications. Determine  $I_D$ ,  $V_{GS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $A_{v_l}$ , and power gain in dB.



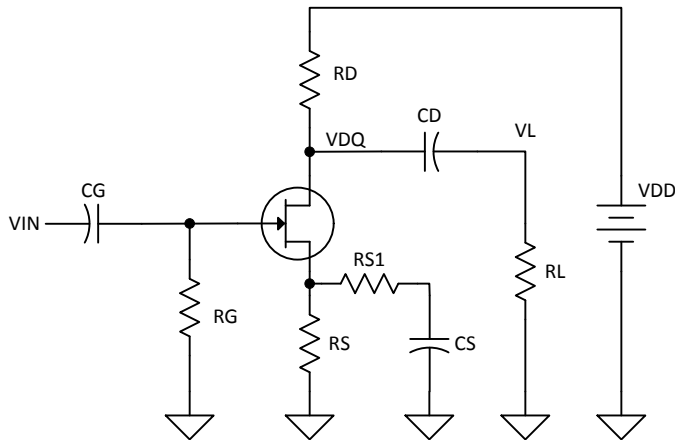
$V_{DD} = 20$  volts,  $R_D = 680$ ,  $R_L = 470$ ,  $R_G = 1M$ ,  $R_S = 100$ ,  $R_{S1} = 22$

## JFET Homework

Answers for Min, Typ, and Max

<u>ID</u>	<u>VGS</u>	<u>VD</u>	<u>VG</u>	<u>VS</u>	<u>gm</u>	<u>Av</u>	<u>Avl</u>	<u>Pg (dB)</u>
0.00142	-0.142	19.04	0.00	0.14	0.00374	-2.385	-0.975	33.056
0.00626	-0.626	15.74	0.00	0.63	0.00528	-3.276	-1.339	35.813
0.01373	-1.373	10.67	0.00	1.37	0.00414	-2.621	-1.071	33.876

2. Analyze the following circuit for operation at the low, typical, and high values of the JFET specifications. Determine  $I_D$ ,  $V_{GS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $A_{vL}$ , and power gain in dB. This is a different way of implementing problem 1. Note how the characteristics are more stable with device variation than in the first problem.



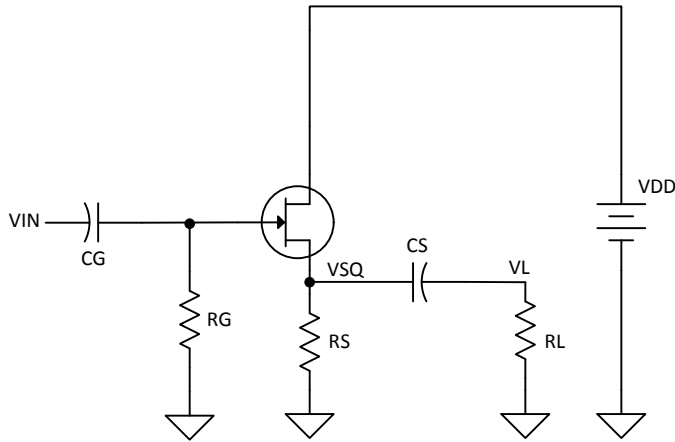
$V_{DD} = 20$  volts,  $R_D = 680$ ,  $R_L = 470$ ,  $R_G = 1M$ ,  $R_S = 1.8$  K,  $R_{S1} = 22$   
 $R_A = 75$  K,  $R_B = 10$  K.

Answers for Min, Typ, and Max

<u>ID</u>	<u>VGS</u>	<u>VD</u>	<u>VG</u>	<u>VS</u>	<u>gm</u>	<u>Av</u>	<u>Avl</u>	<u>Pg (dB)</u>
0.00139	-0.150	19.05	2.35	2.50	0.00371	-2.332	-0.953	32.862
0.00219	-1.595	18.51	2.35	3.95	0.00312	-1.988	-0.813	31.476
0.00381	-4.508	17.41	2.35	6.86	0.00218	-1.417	-0.579	28.535

## JFET Homework

3. Analyze the following circuit for operation at the low, typical, and high values of the JFET specifications. Determine  $I_D$ ,  $V_{GS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $A_{vL}$ , and power gain in dB. See problem 5 for an improved version of this circuit.

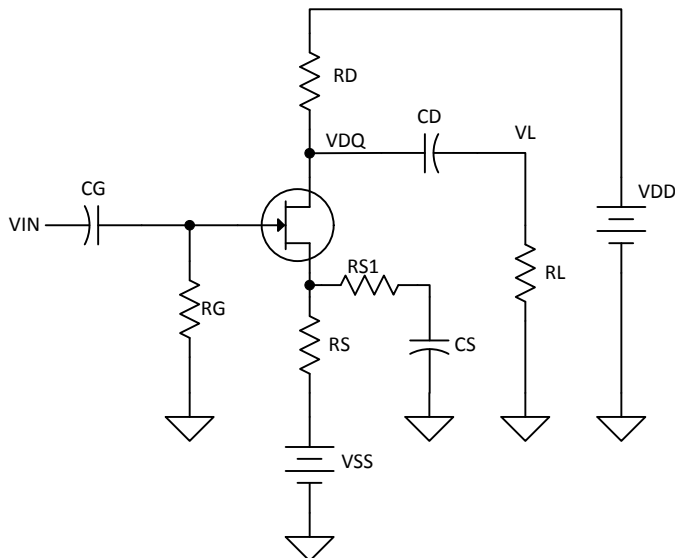


$V_{DD} = 20V$ ,  $R_S = 100 \text{ Ohms}$ ,  $R_L = 470 \text{ Ohms}$ ,  $R_G = 1 \text{ M}$ .

Answers for Min, Typ, and Max

<u>ID</u>	<u>VGS</u>	<u>VD</u>	<u>VG</u>	<u>VS</u>	<u>gm</u>	<u>Av</u>	<u>AvL</u>	<u>Pg (dB)</u>
0.00142	-0.142	20.00	0.00	0.14	0.00374	0.272	0.236	20.733
0.00626	-0.626	20.00	0.00	0.63	0.00528	0.345	0.303	22.911
0.01373	-1.373	20.00	0.00	1.37	0.00414	0.293	0.255	21.396

4. Analyze the following circuit for operation at the low, typical, and high values of the JFET specifications. Determine  $I_D$ ,  $V_{GS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $A_{vL}$ , and power gain in dB. Observe that this is similar to problem 2 except that the circuit is even more stable because of the larger voltage drop across  $R_S$  – i.e. more like a constant current.



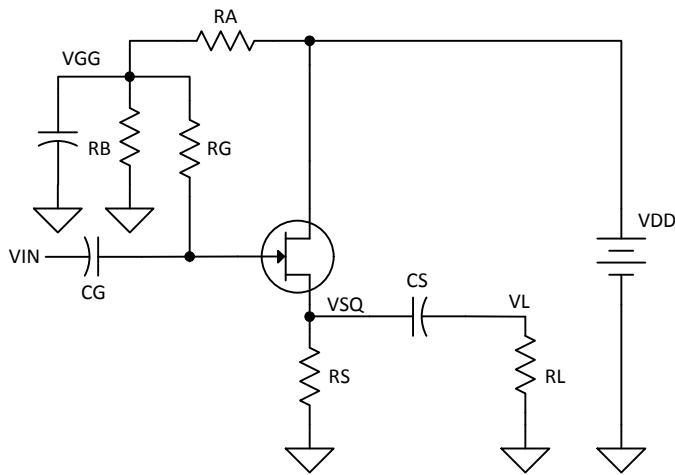
## JFET Homework

$V_{DD} = 20V$ ,  $V_{SS} = -2.5V$ ,  $R_S = 1.8K$ ,  $R_D = 680\ \Omega$ ,  $R_L = 470\ \Omega$ ,  $R_G = 1M$ ,  $R_{S1} = 22\ \Omega$ .

Answers for Min, Typ, and Max

<u>ID</u>	<u>VGS</u>	<u>VD</u>	<u>VG</u>	<u>VS</u>	<u>gm</u>	<u>Av</u>	<u>Avl</u>	<u>Pg (dB)</u>
0.00146	-0.131	19.01	0.00	0.13	0.00380	-2.386	-0.975	33.062
0.00226	-1.573	18.46	0.00	1.57	0.00317	-2.017	-0.824	31.603
0.00388	-4.478	17.36	0.00	4.48	0.00220	-1.429	-0.584	28.605

5. Analyze the following circuit for operation at the low, typical, and high values of the JFET specifications. Determine  $I_D$ ,  $V_{GS}$ ,  $V_D$ ,  $V_G$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $g_m$ ,  $A_v$ ,  $A_{v1}$ , and power gain in dB. Observe that this circuit is more stable and works better than in problem 3



$V_{DD} = 20V$ ,  $R_S = 2.4K$ ,  $R_L = 470\ \Omega$ ,  $R_G = 1M$ ,  $R_A = 51K$ ,  $R_B = 10K$ .

Answers for Min, Typ, and Max

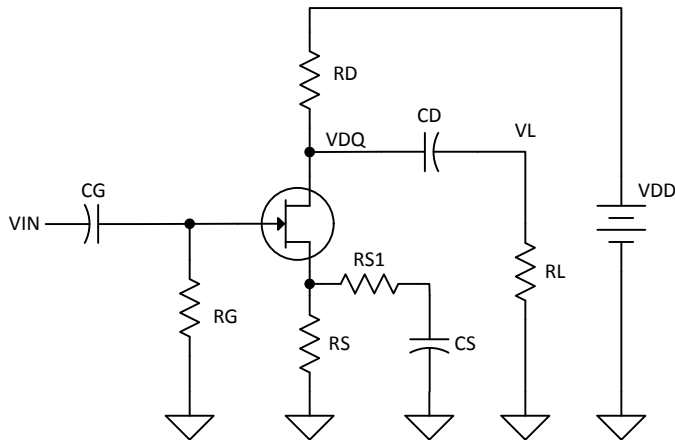
<u>ID</u>	<u>VGS</u>	<u>VD</u>	<u>VG</u>	<u>VS</u>	<u>gm</u>	<u>Av</u>	<u>Avl</u>	<u>Pg (dB)</u>
0.00142	-0.140	20.00	3.28	3.42	0.00375	0.900	0.596	28.782
0.00205	-1.642	20.00	3.28	4.92	0.00302	0.879	0.543	27.969
0.00334	-4.732	20.00	3.28	8.01	0.00204	0.831	0.445	26.252

# JFET Homework

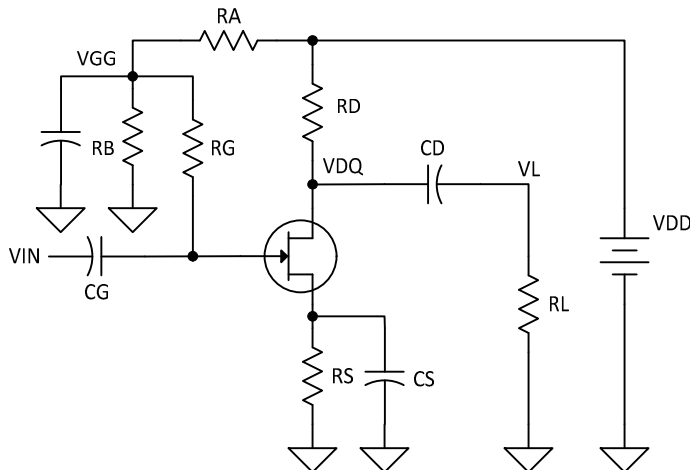
## Design Problems

These problems are identical to problems 1 – 5 except approached from the design perspective – see problems 1-5 for the answers. The result is the designs you analyzed in the earlier problems. In all cases use the  $V_P$  data for the minimum  $I_{DSS}$ .

6. Complete the design of the following circuit.  $V_{DD}$  is +20 volts. The input resistance is to be 1 M. The drain current is to be 70% of  $I_{DSSmin}$ . The load resistor is 470 Ohms and  $R_D$  is 680 Ohms.  $A_v$  is to be -2.4 for a minimum  $I_{DSS}$  unit. Determine  $R_S$  and  $R_{S1}$ .

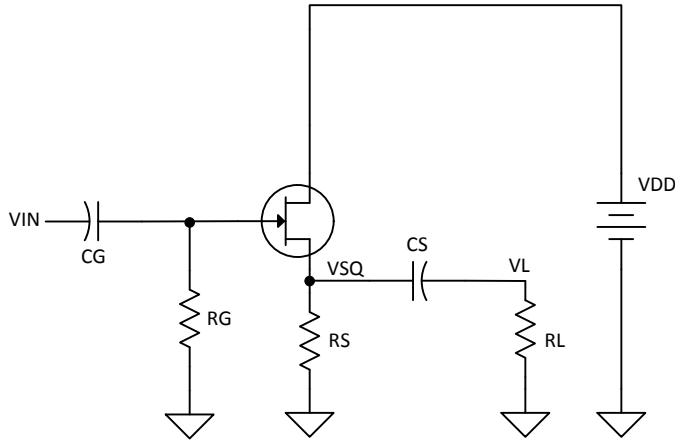


7. Complete the design of the following circuit.  $V_{DD}$  is +20 volts. The input resistance is to be 1 M. The drain current is to be 70% of  $I_{DSSmin}$ . The load resistor is 470 Ohms,  $R^S$  is 1.8K and  $R_D$  is 680 Ohms.  $A_v$  is to be -2.3 for a minimum  $I_{DSS}$  unit. Determine the required  $V_{GG}$  at the voltage divider formed by  $R_A$  and  $R_B$  (10K). Determine  $R_{S1}$  and  $R_A$ .

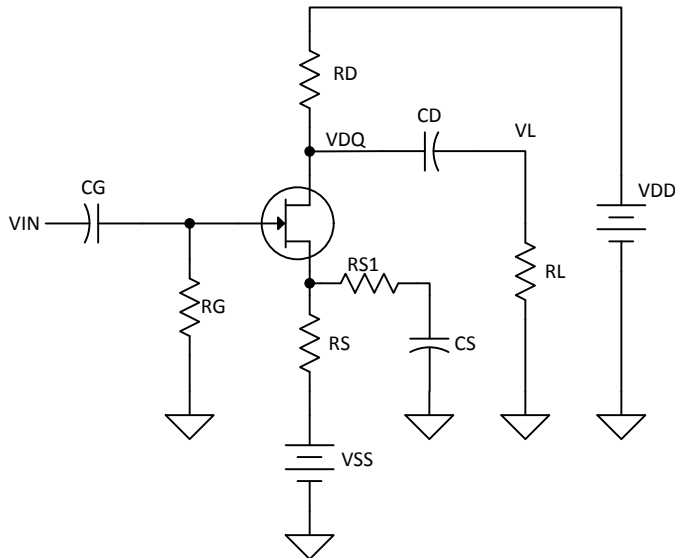


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8. Complete the design of the following circuit.  $V_{DD}$  is +20 volts. The input resistance is to be 1 M. The drain current is to be 70% of  $I_{DSSmin}$ . The load resistor is 470 Ohms. Determine  $R_S$ . Remember that problem 3 is the analysis of this.



9. Complete the design of the following circuit.  $V_{DD}$  is +20 volts and  $V_{SS}$  is -2.5 volts. The input resistance is to be 1 M. The drain current is to be 70% of  $I_{DSSmin}$ . The load resistor is 470 Ohms and  $R_D$  is 680 Ohms.  $V_S$  is to be close to as high as possible consistent with using an FET with the maximum  $V_P$  value (hint: reverse engineer problem 4 – think in terms of needing a  $V_{DS}$  of at least 8 volts).  $A_v$  is to be -2.4 for a minimum  $I_{DSS}$  unit. Determine  $R_S$  and  $R_{S1}$ . Remember that problem 4 is an analysis of this.



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10. Complete the design of the following circuit.  $V_{DD}$  is +20 volts. The input resistance is to be 1 M. The drain current is to be 70% of  $I_{DSSmin}$ . The load resistor is 470 Ohms.  $V_S$  is to be as high as possible consistent with using an FET with the maximum  $V_P$  value (hint: reverse engineer problem 5 – think in terms of needing a  $V_{DS}$  of at least 8 volts). Determine the required  $V_{GG}$  at the voltage divider formed by  $R_A$  and  $R_B$  (10K). Determine  $R_S$  and  $R_{S1}$  and  $R_A$ .

